# Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCoV): Wuhan Virus: Facts and Figures

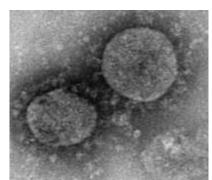
Issued in public interest by JIMA

Prof. Jyotirmoy Pal and Dr Rudrajit Paul

Avoid non-essential travel to China

### Common symptoms: -

- Starts with cough, fever, myalgia, fatigue
- Later, dyspnea and desaturation
- Non-respiratory symptoms: Diarrhea, nausea
- Severe illness: bilateral pneumonia, ARDS, shock



Electron microscopic view

## **Diagnostic tests:**

- Nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal swab, urine and stool in specific situations
- ☐ Specimen to be collected on first suspicion of illness
- ☐ Tested by RT-PCR

### Who should be tested?

Anyone with confirmed or suspected travel to geographical areas known to have viral transmission

Anyone in close contact with a person as described above

## Who can be affected?

Anyone with epidemiological risk factor, including newborn babies No age is exempt

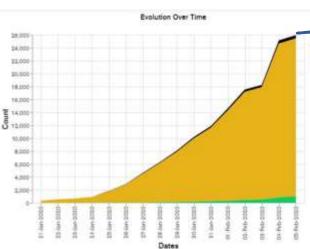


Figure showing epidemic curve till now

Case fatality: 2%

First case: 31/12/2019 Potential source: bats

Rapid human-to-human spread

# **Precautionary measures:**

Face mask only near suspected cases; General community use not recommended

Maintain one mt distance from suspected cases; any contact should preferably be less than 10 minutes

Quarantine (14 days)

People with known or suspected infection may be in home isolation

Healthcare workers should take adequate precautions for droplet infection

## **Myth buster:**

- Letters or other items received from China are not infectious
- There is no diet or vaccine or herb for prevention

#### Mask etiquette:

Do not reuse Proper disposal of used masks Cover both nose and mouth Hand washing before using mask

Further information: WHO, CDC websites for daily updates; Lancet Journal website