

Mediquiz

(Series 3)

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- Peripheral nerve involvement is seen in all of the following diseases except:
 - SCA 2
 - AVED
 - SCA 6
 - Freidreich Ataxia
- Seizure is seen in which variant of SCA?
 - SCA10
 - SCA17
 - SCA15
 - SCA 7
- What is the most common variant of SCA in India?
 - SCA 3
 - SCA 2
 - SCA1
 - SCA6
- All are seen in Freidreich Ataxia except:
 - GAA repeat expansion is seen
 - MRI shows prominent cerebellar atrophy
 - Dorsal root ganglion is degenerated
 - Onset is usually before 25yrs
- In an acute case of vertigo and atxia seen in ER all of the following clinical finding denotes central pathology except?
 - Direction changing nystagmus
 - Negative head impulse test
 - Normal CT scan of brain
 - Presence of skew deviation
- Which of the following symptom constellation best describe an AICA territory stroke?
 - Gait ataxia, limbs ataxia, dysarthria
 - Tinnitus, hearing loss, ipsilateral Horner syndrome
 - Impaired consciousness, tetraplegia, ophthalmoplegia
 - Ipsilateral Horner sign, lower cranial nerve palsies , contralateral thermalgic dissociation,
- Which of the following statement is false?
 - Alcohol affects rostral vermis
 - Medulloblastoma affects caudal vermis
 - Down beat nystammus is typical of Arnold Chiari Malformation
 - Multiple sclerosis can present with acute cerebellar ataxia
- Which of the following symptom is localized to left cerebellar hemisphere?
 - Stance ataxia
 - Tituation
 - Left sided intention tremor
 - All of the above
- Which variant of SCA is particularly found in INDIA because of inbreeding?
 - SCA 1
 - SCA10
 - SCA12
 - SCA 6
- Which of the following drug is notorious to cause cerebellar ataxia?
 - Litium
 - Carbamazepine
 - Phenytoin
 - All of the above
- Most common cause of headache in elderly
 - Migraine
 - Giant cell arteritis
 - TTH
 - Brain tumour
- Commonest cause of stroke in young female is.
 - CVT
 - Moyamoya disease
 - Takayashu
 - Tubercular arteritis
- Commonest psychiatric problem in dementia is
 - Anxiety
 - Disinhibition
 - Depression
 - Somatic symptoms
- The best and most cost effective diagnostic tool for unexplained syncope is
 - ICD
 - Electrophysiological study
 - Invasive loop monitor
 - Noninvasive loop monitor
- Fungal infection in erlderly can present with all expect
 - Meningitis
 - Cranial neuropathy
 - Spinal cord syndrome
 - None of the above
- Red flag sign in Parkinson . disease are all except
 - Pyramidal sign
 - Autonomic dysfunction related to drugs
 - Rapid progression of symptoms
 - Occular motility.Disturbance
- Unexplained altered sensorium in ischemic stroke may be due to all except
 - Infection
 - NSCE
 - Dsyelectrolytemia
 - none of the above

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